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Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA

#### CORPORATION COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION FOR TUCSON ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF JUST AND REASONABLE RATES AND CHANGES DESIGNED TO REALIZE A REASONABLE RATE OF RETURN ON THE FAIR VALUE OF ITS OPERATIONS THROUGHOUT THE STATE OF ARIZONA

IN THE MATTER OF THE FILING BY TUCSON ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY TO AMEND DECISION NO. 62013

Docket No. E-01933A-07-042

Docket No. E-01933A-05-0650

#### NOTICE OF FILING DIRECT TESTIMONY OF FRANK GRIJALVA

Pursuant to the Administrative Law Judge's Procedural Order (p. 3) dated October 5, 2007, Local Union 1116, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, CLC ("IBEW Local 1116"), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby provides notice of its filing of the attached Direct Testimony of Frank Grijalva in this docket.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 29th day of February, 2008. 1 2 3 4 Nicholes V. Enoch, Esq. Attorney for Intervenor IBEW Local 1116 5 ORIGINAL and thirteen (13) copies 6 of IBEW Local 1116's Notice filed this 29th day of February, 2008, with: 7 Arizona Corporation Commission 8 Docket Control Center 1200 West Washington Street 9 Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2996 10 Copies of the foregoing transmitted electronically/mailed this 11 same date to: 12 Jane L. Rodda, Administrative Law Judge Hearing Division 13 Arizona Corporate Commission 400 West Congress, Ste. 218 14 Tucson, Arizona 85701-1352 15 Michael W. Patten, Esq. Roshka, DeWulf & Patten, PLC 16 400 East Van Buren Street, Ste. 800 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 17 Co-counsel for TEP 18 Raymond S. Heyman, Esq. Michelle D. Livengood, Esq. 19 UniSource Energy Corporation One South Church Avenue, Ste. 200 20 Tucson, Arizona 85701 Co-counsel for TEP 21 Christopher C. Kempley, Esq. 22 Chief Counsel, Legal Division Arizona Corporation Commission 23 1200 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 24 Ernest Johnson, Director 25 Utilities Division Arizona Corporation Commission 26 1200 West Washington Phoenix, Arizona 85007 27

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- Q1. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- A1. Frank Grijalva. My business address is 750 South Tucson Boulevard, Tucson, Arizona 85716-5689.

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- Q2. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR RECENT EMPLOYMENT.
- I am the Business Manager/Financial Secretary for Intervenor A2. Local Union 1116, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, CLC ("IBEW Local 1116"). The position of Business Manager/Financial Secretary is an elected union position and, due to the retirement of my predecessor, I was appointed by our Executive Board to my present position in October 2007. Because all IBEW local unions also have a person holding the position of "President," it is common for persons outside of our organization to believe that the "President" is the principal officer of the Local. not the case. Article 17, §§ 4 and 8 of the Constitution of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO, clearly states that the Business Manager/Financial Secretary is the "principal officer" of any IBEW local

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Prior to my becoming Business Manager/Financial
Secretary for IBEW Local 1116, I was employed by the
Tucson Electric Power Company ("TEP") for twenty-two
(22) years in a variety of bargaining unit positions,
the last of which was as a Designer for Transmission
and Distribution Construction. While employed at TEP,
I was a very active member of IBEW Local 1116,

including previously serving as the Local's President and in other positions on the Executive Board.

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#### WHAT IS IBEW LOCAL 1116?

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#### Q3.

IBEW Local 1116 is the labor organization which serves as A3. the exclusive representative for, inter alia, approximately six hundred seventy-five (675) non-managerial workers at IBEW Local 1116 and TEP have entered into a long series of collective bargaining agreements dating back to November 16, 1937 concerning rates of pay, wages, hours of employment, and other terms and conditions of employment.

DO YOU BELIEVE TEP IS A RESPONSIBLE CORPORATE CITIZEN? 04.

Absolutely. While by no means perfect, the relationship A4. between IBEW Local 1116 and TEP is one which is mature and It is clear that this stability has benefitted TEP, its employees, and customers. In my opinion, the importance of the strong and stable relationship between a public service corporation and its employees cannot be overstated. I believe that my opinion in this regard is widely shared.

During a hearing before this Commission several years ago In the matter of UniSource's Reorganization, Docket No. E-04230A-03-0933, James S. Pignatelli, the President and Chief Executive Officer of both TEP and its parent company, UniSource Energy Corporation ("UniSource"), recognized that the harmonious relationship between the IBEW Local 1116 and UniSource inevitably leads to a stable work environment

which, in turn, helps the preservation of health and safety for the employees of UniSource. Mr. Pignatelli defined the public interest as, inter alia, providing a safe and secure working environment for the employees.

Mr. Pignatelli also agreed with the notion that acrimonious relations between a public service corporation and the certified representative of its employees will almost certainly hinder the company's ability to provide safe, reasonable, and adequate service. He also acknowledged that an acrimonious relationship may also impair the ability of the public service corporation to attract capital at fair and reasonable terms. I share Mr. Pignatelli's views in this regard.

#### Q5. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A5. As you know, Article XV, §3 of the Arizona Constitution expressly states that the interests of public service employees are on par with those of patrons. It reads as follows:

The corporation commission shall have full power to, and shall ... make reasonable rules, regulations, and orders, by which such [public service] corporations shall be governed in the transaction of business within the State, and ... make and enforce reasonable rules, regulations, and orders for the convenience, comfort, and safety, and the

preservation of the health, of the *employees* and patrons of such corporations[.]

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On behalf of its own members, as well as several hundred thousand patrons of TEP, IBEW Local 1116 believes this proceeding provides it with a unique and timely opportunity to express to this Commission our qualified support of TEP's Application and our reasons for doing so.

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- Q6. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT TEP IS ENTITLED TO AN INCREASE ITS RETAIL RATES EFFECTIVE NO LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2009?
- 12 A6. Yes.

A7.

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Q7. WHICH OF THE THREE PROPOSED METHODOLOGIES DOES IBEW LOCAL 1116 SUPPORT?

IBEW Local 1116 supports the so-called "Cost-of-Service

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Methodology". At the very best, the so-called "Market

Methodology" would place the employees and patrons of TEP

and, indeed, TEP itself in a highly precarious position along the lines of what transpired in California just a few

years ago. This is one of the central points made by the

IBEW's International President in a Statement he issued on

August 19, 2003, a copy of which is attached hereto as

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Exhibit A.

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- Q8. IN ITS COST-OF-SERVICE METHODOLOGY, TEP SEEKS RECOVERY OF

  APPROXIMATELY \$835 MILLION IN COSTS AND LOSSES ASSOCIATED

  WITH THE FAILED TRANSITION TO RETAIL COMPETITION. DOES IBEW

  LOCAL 1116 SUPPORT THIS REQUEST?
- A8. Generally speaking, yes. At the outset I must admit that IBEW Local 1116 has not undertaken an extensive examination of the specific size of the request and, as such, cannot speak to the reasonableness of the \$835 million figure. With that qualification, IBEW Local 1116 firmly believes that TEP management prudently and in good faith spent many millions of dollars in response to this Commission's earlier and in our opinion ill-conceived decision to transition TEP toward market-based rates. IBEW Local 1116 believes that TEP is entitled to substantial rate relief from this Commission with due consideration of the tremendous amount of money wasted, albeit unwittingly, by TEP transitioning its business plan from a cost-of-service basis back to a cost-of-service basis.
- Q9. IN ITS COST-OF-SERVICE METHODOLOGY, TEP SEEKS TO IMPLEMENT A PURCHASED POWER AND FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE TO ENSURE TIMELY RECOVERY OF TEP'S POWER SUPPLY COSTS. DOES IBEW LOCAL 1116 SUPPORT THIS REQUEST?
- A9. Yes.
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- Q10. DURING HIS TESTIMONY ON MARCH 6, 2007, MR. PIGNATELLI DISCUSSED THE INCREASE HEALTH CARE EXPENSE ASSOCIATED WITH TEP'S EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PACKAGE. IN BOTH TEP'S APPLICATION AND RECENTLY FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL J. DECONCINI, TEP'S SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER FOR TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION, TEP ALLUDED TO THE SAME CONCERNS. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS OR OBSERVATIONS THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO SHARE WITH THE COMMISSION REGARDING THIS
- A10. Yes. While IBEW Local 1116 does not dispute the fact that the costs associated with employee benefit plans and, in particular, health care insurance have grown significantly in recent years, I also believe that the point should be made that IBEW Local 1116 has made concessions and has agreed to health plans that have cost its represented employees more in out-of-pocket expenses. An increase in rates should be such that it would eliminate whatever pressure is on TEP to increasingly shift healthcare costs to its represented employees.

In the most recent year of 2007, in an attempt to reduce its health plan cost, TEP unilaterally made changes with some healthcare related benefits for its retirees in a manner it believes is consistent with the National Labor Relations Act

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See Hearing Transcript Volume I, page 81, lines 12-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See page 4, line 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See page 31, lines 4-5.

of 1935, 29 U.S.C. § 151, et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1001, et seq. and our collective bargaining agreement. Likewise, it appears to me that TEP management believes that it is within their province to make similar unilateral changes to the benefits package of their unionized employees. It is my hope that with an increase in rates this will eliminate TEP's need to unilaterally make changes to reduce healthcare benefits for or shift costs to its employees.

#### Q11. DO YOU HAVE ANY FINAL COMMENTS?

All. Yes. IBEW Local 1116 believes that two of the symptoms identified by President Hill in his attached statement - to wit, a low employee count and deferred equipment maintenance - are already present at TEP and, in the absence of prompt and substantial relief from this Commission, they will continue to grow. As such, IBEW Local 1116 respectfully submits that TEP and its employees need prompt rate relief from this Commission to address these mounting concerns.

#### O12. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

A12. Yes.

# Exhibit A

### NEWS RELEASE

## International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers® AFL-CIO-CLC

1125 Fifteenth St. N.W. Washington DC 20005

www.ibew.org

Edwin D. Hill, International President

Jeremiah J. O'Connor, International Secretary-Treasurer

August 19, 2003

Contact: Malinda Brent 202-728-6134

#### Statement of International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

#### President Edwin D. Hill on Largest Power Failure in U.S. History

Last week's power failure for 50 million Americans may well have stemmed from an overworked transmission system, a severe reduction of the work force and deferred equipment maintenance—all developments that followed deregulation.

Deregulation promised benefits from competitive markets, but it also brought uncertainty, which froze investment in new construction. In the 10 years since utility deregulation was first introduced, power companies have built or updated very few new transmission lines. Today demand continues to climb, but transmission investment in 2000 was less than half of what it was in 1975. In general, training programs for workers have been reduced or suspended indefinitely. The work force has been reduced by one third in the past 10 years, with an obvious impact on maintenance.

In fact, deferred maintenance has become the hallmark of deregulation. In order to maximize profitability, maintenance schedules in many utilities have been extended from six months to two or three years, greatly adding to system risk. Because electricity is often generated hundreds of miles from its user, the system is increasingly interconnected. When one or two elements of such a highly integrated system break down, the result is cascading blackouts like the one that occurred last week.

Deregulation provides incentives to a utility company to sell electricity across state and national boundaries, but it is transmitted on a grid initially designed to deliver only to its local customers. What happened last week is bound to happen again, given the growing demand for electricity.

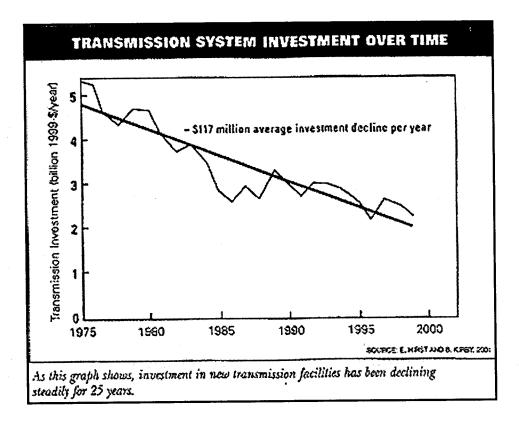
In recent years, deregulation has caused blackouts in the West and manipulation of power markets by the likes of Enron and others. If we continue down this road, the fallout will become national. Power outages will become a way of life.

It is a cause of grave concern that utility deregulation has turned the once reliable, self-sustaining

utility business into a marketplace where profit-taking trumps reliability. Consumers, businesses and industries are more at risk since electricity was redefined as a commodity rather than as a necessary service.

The IBEW urges policy makers to conduct an independent, engineering-based investigation into the blackout. Our modern electricity-dependent society should not be left to the mercies of today's deregulated utilities.

The IBEW represents 220,000 utility workers in the United States and Canada.



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